# **Action statement**

Flora & Fauna Guarantee Act 1988

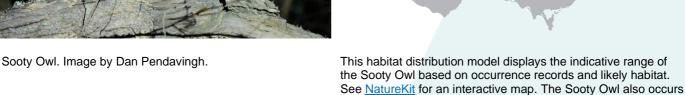
# Sooty Owl (Tyto tenebricosa)

**Taxon ID: 10253** 

Action statements are developed under the *Flora and Fauna Guarantee Act 1988* (FFG Act). Their preparation and implementation complement the FFG Act strategy *Protecting Victoria's Environment – Biodiversity 2037* and its vision that "Victoria's biodiversity is healthy, valued and actively cared for".

## **Species and Distribution**





#### **Conservation Status**

### **Endangered**

Listing criteria: 4.1.3(b)(ii) of the Flora and Fauna Guarantee Regulations 2020.

This means that:

• The total number of Sooty Owl mature individuals is low, the number is likely to continue to decline and most of the individuals are in one subpopulation.

outside of Victoria.

Corresponding International Union for the Conservation of Nature (IUCN) criteria: C2a(ii).

More information on IUCN listing criteria can be found here: IUCN Red List criteria.

### **Species Information**

Species information such as its description, distribution, ecology and references are provided in the <u>Sooty Owl</u> <u>Species Forecast report</u>.

# **Threats**

Threats listed below have been identified through expert consultation, published literature and spatial analysis.

Threat	Description
Climate change	
Increased frequency and/or length of droughts	<ul> <li>Drying and warming of the environment, including droughts, may trigger habitat changes (particularly loss of wet habitats) and reduce prey availability, leading to lower recruitment and elevated mortality rates.</li> </ul>
Fire	
Altered fire regimes	<ul> <li>A hotter, drier climate may increase the likelihood, frequency, and/or intensity of fire impacting habitat, with the potential to reduce habitat extent and/or condition.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Fire may reduce the availability of hollows for roosting and nesting through hazardous tree removal or the direct impacts of fire.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Fire may also reduce abundance of ground dwelling prey and mid-storey prey.</li> <li>Impacts depend on size and scale of fire. Nests within dry forest types are vulnerable to intense fire.</li> </ul>
Bushfire	<ul> <li>Bushfires can result in mortality and habitat degradation. Important impacts can include the loss of key habitat features and food sources.</li> </ul>
Fire management activities	<ul> <li>Fire management operations such as creation of fuel breaks (soil disturbance, slashing) may remove habitat.</li> </ul>
Habitat loss, degradatio	n or modification
Forestry operations	<ul> <li>Timber harvesting operations in native forest may remove hollow-bearing trees, exacerbating the rate of decline of this key habitat feature.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Timber harvesting operations in native forest may also impact mid-storey vegetation which supports prey.</li> </ul>
Vegetation clearing or damage	<ul> <li>Removal or damage to vegetation contributes to habitat loss, resulting in a more fragmented landscape and a reduction of nest sites and prey.</li> </ul>
Introduced species	
Deer	<ul> <li>Introduced deer species (Sambar Deer (Cervus unicolor), Red Deer (Cervus elaphus) and Fallow Deer (Dama dama)) degrade habitat through herbivory, antler-rubbing, trampling, pugging of wet soils, increasing nutrient loads, erosion of waterway edges, and increasing the accessibility of habitat to introduced predators and introduced plants.</li> </ul>
Introduced predators	<ul> <li>Introduced predators (foxes (Vulpes vulpes) and feral cats (Felis catus)) contribute to mortality of native prey species, reducing food availability.</li> </ul>
Population dynamics	
Loss of genetic diversity	<ul> <li>Small, greatly reduced, and/or isolated populations are at increased risk of loss of genetic diversity, which heightens the risk of reduced recruitment and/or increased mortality rates and reduces the capacity of populations to adapt to changing conditions.</li> </ul>

## **Conservation Objectives**

Conservation objectives are informed by the conservation status and criteria under which the species was listed under the FFG Act. This provides a framework to understand how we can work towards recovery and improve the species' conservation status over time as per the objectives of the FFG Act.

The key objectives of this action statement are:

- Mitigate threats to populations and habitat to increase resilience, improve genetic fitness and minimise future population decline.
- Increase knowledge of biology, ecology, distribution, demography, emerging threats, and conservation requirements.
- Support community participation and improve awareness of the Sooty Owl and conservation of its habitat.

#### **Conservation Actions**

The actions below have been identified through expert consultation, published literature and spatial analysis. Actions are listed in alphabetical order to allow all interested parties to prioritise based on their context, capacity and capability. Landscape scale actions may mitigate threats for other species. For more information on where to undertake actions that benefit multiple species and identify the most beneficial locations to undertake actions for this species, please refer to <a href="NatureKit">NatureKit</a>.

Action	Description
Avoid and/or mitigate impacts associated with fire management	<ul> <li>Ensure that distribution data and ecological information is available and considered in fire management activities.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Undertake biodiversity values check prior to fuel management in areas of species habitat, to confirm treatment suitability and timing.</li> </ul>
Community engagement and awareness	<ul> <li>Engage citizen scientists in information gathering to inform improved management for the Sooty Owl.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Continue to identify, promote, and support opportunities for community involvement in conservation efforts.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Work with key stakeholders to reduce threats from human disturbance and encourage behaviours that support a healthy environment.</li> </ul>
Control deer *	Implement and maintain effective control of deer in priority areas.
Control introduced predators *	Implement and maintain effective control of feral cats and foxes in priority areas.
Develop, update and apply forestry protections	<ul> <li>Maintain prescriptions for the Sooty Owl under the Code of Practice for Timber Production 2014 (as amended in 2022) (the Code).</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Where relevant, incorporate species-specific protection measures into plans and permits relating to timber harvesting operations in native forest on private land.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Establish and actively maintain a network of special protection zones and special management zones in State Forest in accordance with the requirements for the Sooty Owl in the Department of Energy, Environment and Climate Action's (DEECA) accountability framework.</li> </ul>
Protect key habitat	<ul> <li>Identify opportunities to manage threats of land use change and development, including programs to encourage protection and management of remaining habitat areas.</li> </ul>

Action	Description
Research	Determine suitable nest box or artificial hollow design for Sooty Owls.
	<ul> <li>Investigate and trial artificial hollows in areas where natural hollows are lacking or in decline.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Review existing special protection zones and special management zones to determine their effectiveness in terms of large forest owl occupation.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Investigate level of exposure to, and impact of, anti-coagulant rodenticides on Sooty Owl through ingestion of affected prey.</li> </ul>
Restoration and/or revegetation *	<ul> <li>Undertake restoration and/or revegetation to increase habitat suitability and/or create new habitat areas.</li> </ul>
Survey and Monitoring	<ul> <li>Monitor populations at known sites and other suitable locations to identify nest/roost sites and protect key habitat.</li> </ul>

<sup>\*</sup>Indicates landscape-scale actions that may deliver benefits to multiple species

# **Past Actions**

The key conservation management actions listed below have been delivered in the past 10 years.

Past action	Description
Avoid and/or mitigate impacts associated with fire management	<ul> <li>Impacts associated with fire management activities have been managed through a values checking and risk mitigation process for planned burning and roading activities.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Developed a comprehensive Natural Values tool for use by land managers dealing with fire or potentially disruptive processes affecting FFG listed items and other significant natural values. The tool is a spatial representation of Natural Values and supplied to land managers in both electronic and hard copy formats. The objective is to minimise the impact of land management activities (including fire suppression) on these items.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Protected Sooty Owl habitat from intense and frequent burning. Protected nest and roost trees (where possible) from fire.</li> </ul>
Develop, update and apply forestry protections	<ul> <li>The risk of forestry operations was assessed for the Sooty Owl in 2020 under the Victorian Government Threatened Species and Communities Risk Assessment. Additional permanent protections were not found to be required.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Species specific prescriptions are in the Code for the Sooty Owl, requiring the application of a protection area and management area around recently and frequently used nesting or roosting sites unless already protected.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>A network of special protection zones and special management zones has been established in State Forest in accordance with the requirements for the Sooty Owl in DEECA's accountability framework.</li> </ul>
Research	<ul> <li>A Population Viability Analysis was conducted for the Sooty Owl in Victoria using software developed for the Powerful Owl.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Dietary studies undertaken in all major habitat types occupied by the Sooty Owl to determine foraging habitat.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Studies undertaken to determine the home-range and territory sizes of the Sooty Owl in different habitat types and in habitats of varying quality.</li> </ul>

Past action	Description
	<ul> <li>Demographic studies undertaken to determine, amongst other parameters, the annual mortality rates of adult males, adult females, sub-adults and fledglings, and the annual variation in these rates.</li> </ul>
	Documented records of Sooty Owl have been recorded in relevant databases.
Survey and monitoring	<ul> <li>Detailed population monitoring protocols have been developed for the Sooty Owl.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Post-fire status of populations has been assessed using spotlighting and call playback.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Critical habitat features to identify habitat quality and inform management actions have been assessed.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Areas for protection from future fires and salvage harvesting have been prioritised.</li> </ul>

### **Decision Support Tools**

Decision making for conservation actions is supported through the following Victorian Government tools which may be of assistance in choosing the most appropriate or beneficial actions for biodiversity:

- Choosing actions for nature: NatureKit
- Biodiversity Knowledge Framework

#### **Further Information**

- Sooty Owl Species Forecast report.
- Threatened Species Assessment report Sooty Owl (Tyto tenebricosa)
- Commonwealth Species Profile and Threats database
- Threatened Species and Communities Risk Assessment
- Code of Practice for Timber Production 2014
- Victoria's changing climate understanding the impacts of climate change in Victoria
- Commonwealth Threat Abatement Plans
- Genetic Risk Index
- Flora and Fauna Guarantee Regulations 2020
- IUCN Red List criteria descriptions

### **Get Involved and Take Action**

If you are interested in supporting this species' recovery, there are some important things you need to consider.

The Department of Energy, Environment and Climate Action (DEECA) is committed to engaging and partnering with Traditional Owners on how they wish to be involved in the planning and implementation of actions for this species. Steps must be taken to avoid harm and where appropriate ensure actions can deliver cultural benefits.

You can find advice about required approvals, land manager and/or owner permissions, options and incentives for private land conservation, and engagement with Traditional Owners and public land managers here: <u>Action</u> statements (environment.vic.gov.au)

To identify the relevant Traditional Owners, use the <u>Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Register and Information System (ACHRIS) Welcome to Country and Acknowledgements Map.</u>

You can also register your interest in taking action so we can connect you to other people or organisations working to help us secure the future for this species at threatened.species@deeca.vic.gov.au

### **Reporting Actions**

Activity data is critical to monitoring the implementation and progress of actions and evaluating action statements. These data are also used to:

- Determine progress towards achieving the contributing targets for <u>Protecting Victoria's Environment –</u> Biodiversity 2037.
- Inform the five-yearly State of the Environment Report.

For guidance on reporting actions undertaken on this species, refer to Activity Data.

### **Submitting Monitoring Data**

The Victorian Biodiversity Atlas (VBA) provides a foundational dataset showing where biodiversity occurs across the Victorian landscape and how it may have changed over time. As a core input for decision support tools that inform conservation action, public land management, research activities and reporting, we encourage all participants in the delivery of on-ground actions to submit species records and observations, including for introduced plants and animals, as they carry out their projects.

For further information see: Victorian Biodiversity Atlas (environment.vic.gov.au)

Sign up and begin submitting your data today at: https://vba.biodiversity.vic.gov.au/

#### **Acknowledgment**

We acknowledge and respect Victorian Traditional Owners as the original custodians of Victoria's land and waters, their unique ability to care for Country and deep spiritual connection to it. We honour Elders past and present whose knowledge and wisdom has ensured the continuation of culture and traditional practices.

We are committed to genuinely partner, and meaningfully engage, with Victoria's Traditional Owners and Aboriginal communities to support the protection of Country, the maintenance of spiritual and cultural practices and their broader aspirations in the 21st century and beyond.



© The State of Victoria Department of Energy, Environment and Climate Action August 2023

© (i)

This work is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International licence. You are free to re-use the work under that licence, on the condition that you credit the State of Victoria as author. The licence does not apply to any images, photographs or branding, including the Victorian Coat of Arms, the Victorian Government logo and the Department of Energy, Environment and

Climate Action (DEECA) logo. To view a copy of this licence, visit http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/

ISSN 1448-9902 (online)

Disclaimer

This publication may be of assistance to you but the State of Victoria and its employees do not guarantee that the publication is without flaw of any kind or is wholly appropriate for your particular purposes and therefore disclaims all liability for any error, loss or other consequence which may arise from you relying on any information in this publication.

#### Accessibility

If you would like to receive this publication in an alternative format, please telephone the DEECA Customer Service Centre on 136186, email customer.service@delwp.vic.gov.au or via the National Relay Service on 133 677 www.relayservice.com.au. This document is also available on the internet at www.environment.vic.gov.au.