

Vegetation Quality Field Assessment Sheet

Version 1.3 - October 2004

Site Name/No. Location Date

Assessor(s) Map Name/No. AMG / MGA

Tenure EVC Bioregion

----- **'Site Condition Score'** -----

Large Trees	Score 		
	% Canopy Health*		
	> 70%	30-70%	< 30%
None present	0	0	0
> 0 to 20% of the benchmark number of large trees/ha	3	2	1
> 20% to 40% of the benchmark number of large trees/ha	4	3	2
> 40% to 70% of the benchmark number of large trees/ha	6	5	4
> 70% to 100% of the benchmark number of large trees/ha	8	7	6
≥ the benchmark number of large trees/ha	10	9	8

Large trees are defined by diameter at breast height (dbh)
- see EVC benchmark.
* Estimate proportion of an expected healthy canopy cover that is present (i.e. not missing due to tree death or decline, or mistletoe infestation).

Tree Canopy Cover	Score 		
	% Canopy Health *		
	> 70%	30-70%	< 30%
< 10% of benchmark cover	0	0	0
< 50% or > 150% of benchmark cover	3	2	1
≥ 50% or ≤ 150% of benchmark cover	5	4	3

Tree canopy is defined as those canopy tree species reaching ≥ 80% of mature height - see EVC benchmark description.
* Estimate proportion of an expected healthy canopy cover that is present (i.e. not missing due to tree death or decline, or mistletoe infestation).

Lack of Weeds	Score 		
	'high threat' weeds*		
	None	≤ 50%	> 50%
> 50% cover of weeds	4	2	0
25 - 50% cover of weeds	7	6	4
5 - 25% cover of weeds	11	9	7
< 5% cover of weeds**	15	13	11

* proportion of weed cover due to 'high threat' weeds - see EVC benchmark for guide.
'High threat' weed species are defined as those introduced species (including non-indigenous 'natives') with the ability to out-compete and substantially reduce one or more indigenous life forms in the longer term assuming on-going current site characteristics and disturbance regime.
The EVC benchmark lists typical weed species for the EVC in the bioregion and provides an estimate of their 'invasiveness' and 'impact'. In general, those weed species considered to have a *high impact* are considered *high threat* regardless of their invasiveness.
** if total weed cover is negligible (<1%) and high threat weed species are present then score '13'.

Understorey Life forms

LF Code from EVC benchmark	# spp observed / Benchmark spp.	% cover observed / Benchmark % cover	Present (✓)	Modified (✓)
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	/	/		
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Present
For life forms with benchmark cover of < 10%, considered 'present' if
• any specimens are observed.
For life forms with benchmark cover of ≥ 10%, considered 'present' if
• the life form occupies at least 10% of benchmark cover.

Modified
(apply only where life form is 'present')
For life forms with benchmark cover of <10%, then considered substantially 'modified' if the life form has either:
• < 50% of the benchmark species diversity; or
• no reproductively-mature specimens are observed.
For life forms with benchmark cover of ≥ 10%, then considered substantially 'modified' if the life form has either:
• < 50% of benchmark cover; or
• < 50% of benchmark species diversity; or
• ≥ 50% of benchmark cover due largely to immature canopy specimens but the cover of reproductively-mature specimens is < 10% of the benchmark cover.

Understorey	Score
Category & Description	
All strata and Life forms effectively absent	0
Up to 50% of life forms present	5
≥ 50% to 90% of Life forms present	10
• of those present, ≥ 50% substantially modified	
• of those present, < 50% substantially modified	15
≥ 90% of Life forms present	15
• of those present, ≥ 50% substantially modified	
• of those present, < 50% substantially modified	20
• of those present, none substantially modified	25

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Recruitment

Score

Category & Description			High diversity* [◇]	Low diversity* [◇]
No evidence of a recruitment 'cohort' ⁺	within EVC not driven by episodic events		0	0
	within EVC driven by episodic events [^]	clear evidence of appropriate episodic event	0	0
		no clear evidence of appropriate episodic event	5	5
Evidence of at least one recruitment 'cohort' in at least one life-form	proportion of native woody species present that have adequate recruitment [◇]	< 30%	3	1
		30 - 70%	6	3
		≥ 70%	10	5

+ 'cohort' refers to a group of woody plants established in a single episode (can include suppressed canopy species individuals).

[^] refer to EVC benchmark for clarification.

[◇] treat multiple eucalypt canopy species as one species.

* high diversity defined as ≥ 50% of benchmark woody species diversity.

Species Recruitment

Woody species recorded in habitat zone	Adequate Recruitment (✓)
Eucalypt canopy (combined species)	
number of woody spp. in EVC benchmark (SS and taller)	

Logs

Score

Category & Description	Large logs present*	Large logs absent [#]
< 10% of benchmark length	0	0
< 50% of benchmark length	3	2
≥ 50% of benchmark length	5	4

Large logs defined as those with diameter ≥ 0.5 of benchmark large tree dbh.

* present if large log length is ≥ 25% of EVC benchmark log length.

[#] absent if large log length is < 25% of EVC benchmark log length.

Organic Litter

Score

Category & Description	Dominated by native organic litter	Dominated by non-native organic litter
< 10% of benchmark cover	0	0
< 50% or > 150% of benchmark cover	3	2
≥ 50% or ≤ 150% of benchmark cover	5	4

'Landscape Context Score'

Patch Size

Score

Category & Description	Score
< 2 ha	1
Between 2 and 5 ha	2
Between 5 and 10 ha	4
Between 10 and 20 ha	6
≥ 20 ha, but 'significantly disturbed' [*]	8
≥ 20 ha, but not 'significantly disturbed' [*]	10

* 'significantly disturbed' defined as per RFA 'Old Growth' analyses eg. roading, coupes, grazing etc. – effectively most patches within fragmented landscapes.

Distance to Core Area

Score

Distance	Core Area not significantly disturbed*	Core Area significantly disturbed*
> 5 km	0	0
1 to 5 km	2	1
< 1 km	4	3
contiguous	5	4

* defined as per RFA 'Old Growth' analyses.

Neighbourhood

Score

Radius from site	% Native vegetation [*]	Weighting	
100 m		0.03	
1 km		0.04	
5 km		0.03	
subtract 2 if the neighbourhood is 'significantly disturbed'			
Add Values and 'round-off'			

* to nearest 20%.

Multiply % native vegetation x Weighting for each radius from the zone (eg. 40% x 0.03 = 1.2); then add values to obtain final Neighbourhood Value.

Final Habitat Score

Component	'Site Condition Score'						'Landscape Context Score'			Total	
	Large Trees	Tree Canopy Cover	Lack of Weeds	Understorey	Recruitment	Organic Litter	Logs	Patch Size	Neighbourhood		Distance to Core Area
Score											100